

Section 12-3: Surface Area

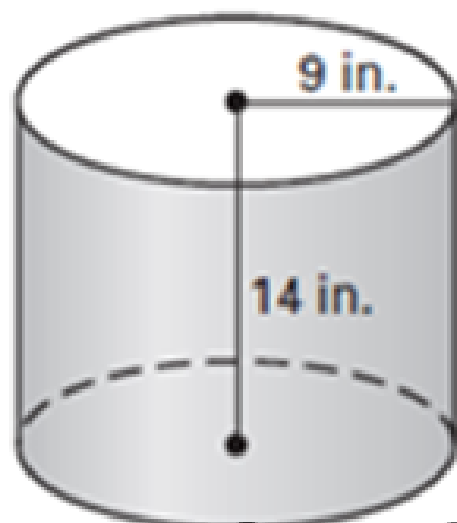
See Worksheet 12-3

Surface Area Formulas

Cylinder: $SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$

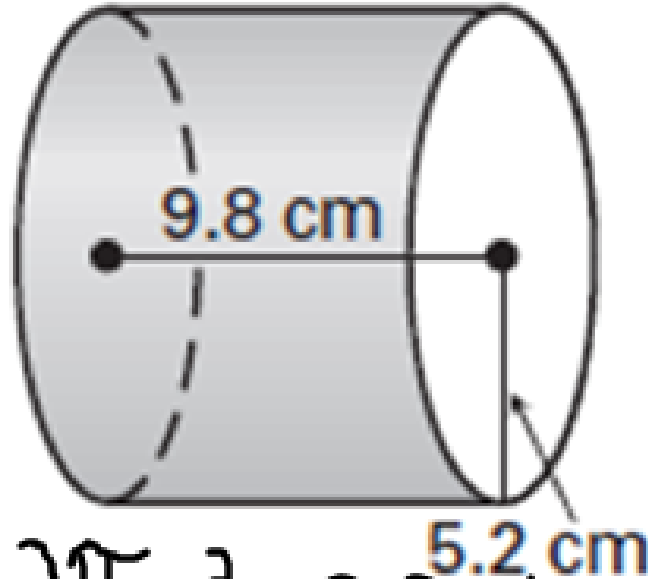
Cube: $SA = 6s^2$

1.



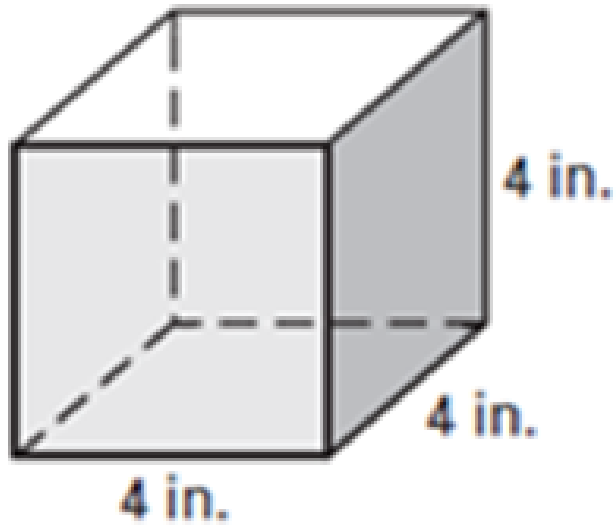
$$\begin{aligned} SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh \\ &= 2(3.14)(9)^2 + 2(3.14)(9)(14) \\ &= 508.68 + 791.28 \\ &= 1300 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

2.



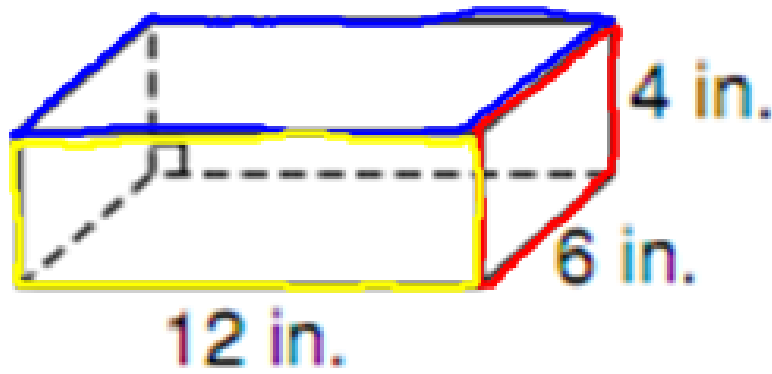
$$\begin{aligned} SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh \\ &= 2(3.14)(5.2)^2 + 2(3.14)(5.2)(9.8) \\ &\approx 169.8112 + 320.028 \\ &= \boxed{489.8 \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$

6.

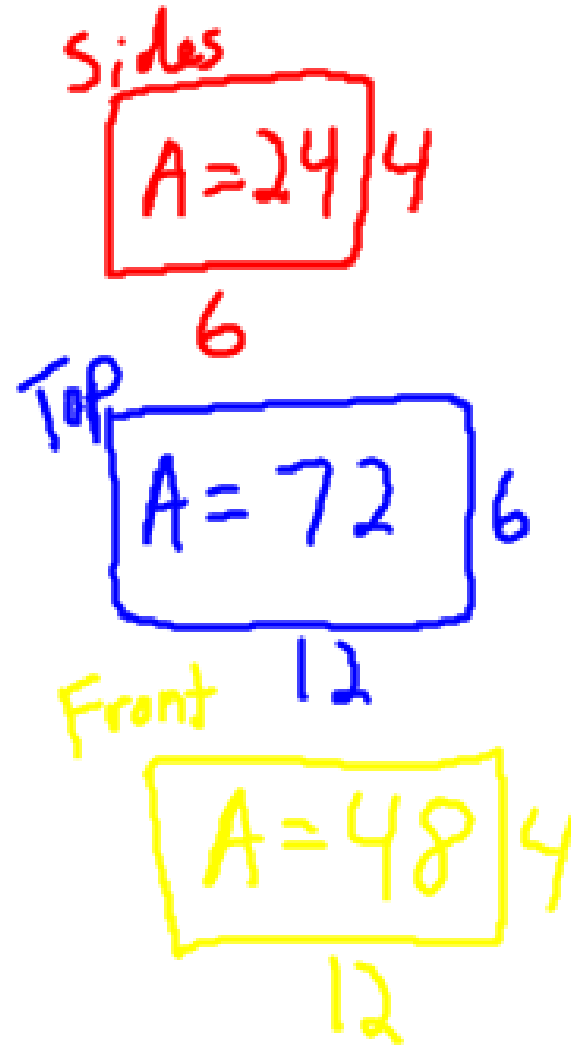


$$\begin{aligned} SA &= 6s^2 \\ &= 6(4)^2 \\ &= 6(16) \\ &= 96 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

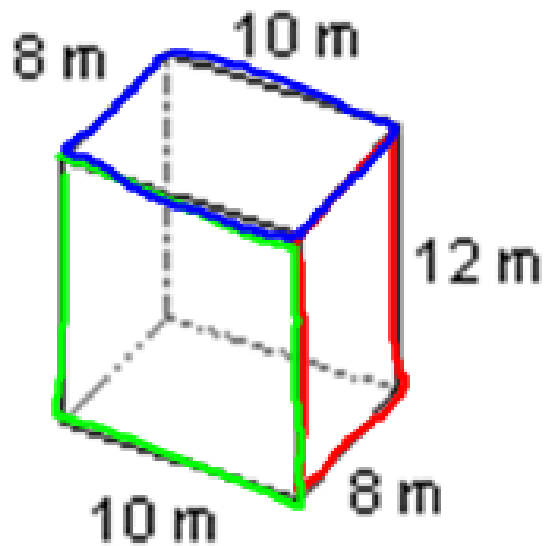
5.



$$\begin{aligned} SA &= 2(24) + 2(72) + 2(48) \\ &= 48 + 144 + 96 \\ &= \textcircled{288 \text{ in}^2} \end{aligned}$$



7.



$$A = 12 \cdot 8 = 96$$

$$A = 10 \cdot 12 = 120$$

$$A = 8 \cdot 10 = 80$$

$$SA = 2(96) + 2(120) + 2(80)$$

$$= 192 + 240 + 160$$

$$= \textcircled{592 \text{ m}^2}$$